



Brain Dead Donor Heart Management: Maintenance of Hemodynamics with What Drugs?

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Conflict of Interest Disclosure

Grant funding:

- NIH

- Laura and John Arnold Foundation

*My views may not represent those of the U.S. Government

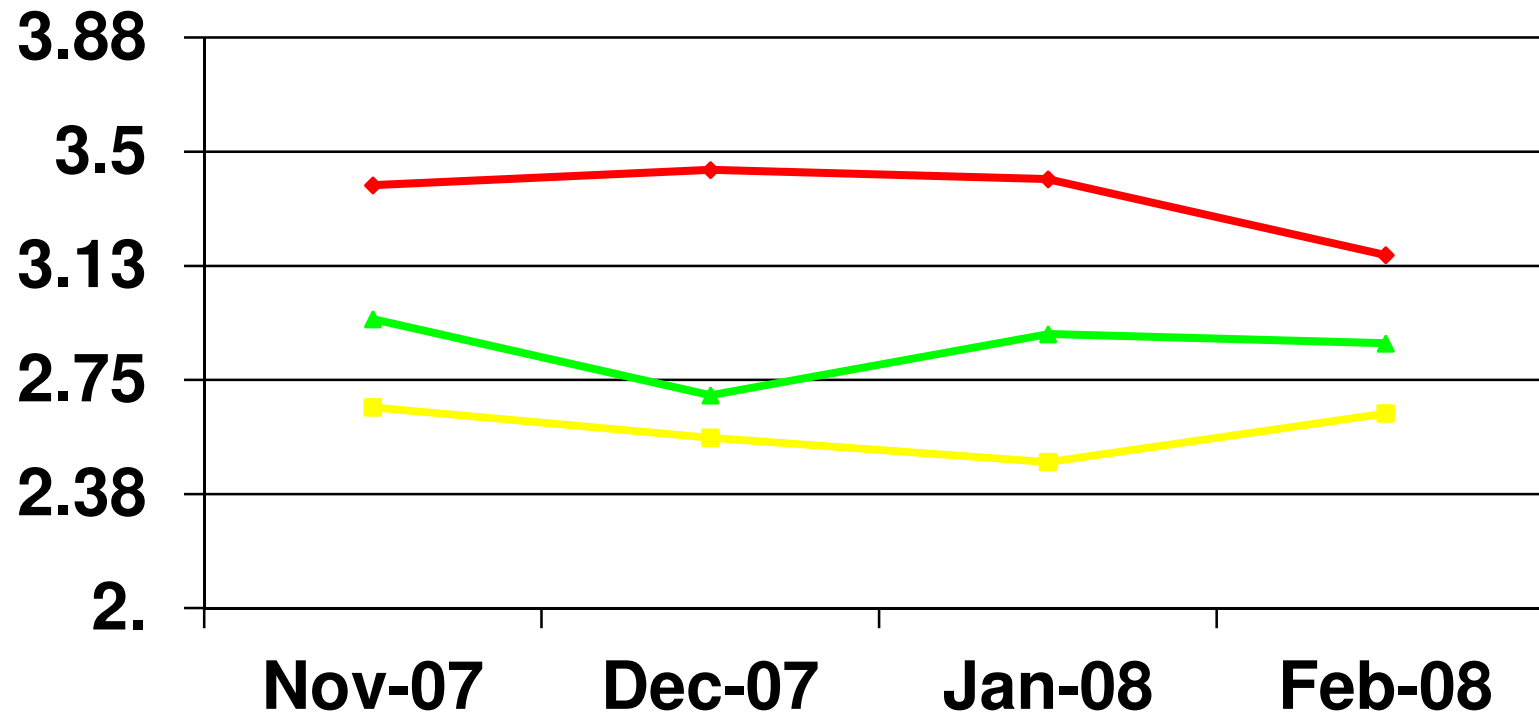
BACKGROUND

- Shortage of organs for transplantation
- National average of three organs transplanted per donor (OTPD)
 - 30% of hearts utilized
- Inconsistent donor management and organ acceptance practices

BACKGROUND

- Checklists have demonstrated utility in several arenas
- Standardized critical care endpoints
- Donor Management Goals (DMGs)

OTPD and DMGs



—♦— OTPD when DMGs met
—■— OTPD when DMGs NOT met
—▲— OTPD Total

- HRSA, 2008

UNOS Region 5 DMGs

- Step 1 – retrospective – 2007-2008
- Achieving Donor Management Goals (DMG) Prior to Deceased Donor Procurement is Associated with More Organs Transplanted per Donor
 - Primary outcome measure: ≥ 4 OTPD



Achieving Donor Management Goals Before Deceased Donor Procurement Is Associated With More Organs Transplanted Per Donor

Darren J. Malinoski, MD, Michael C. Daly, MSc, Madhukar S. Patel, ScM, Chrystal Oley-Graybill, Clarence E. Foster III, MD, and Ali Salim, MD

TABLE 1. Donor Management Goals

Critical Care End Points	DMG	Proportion of Donors Meeting DMGs (%)
Mean arterial pressure	60–100 mm Hg	83
Central venous pressure	4–10 mm Hg	60
Ejection fraction	>50%	50
Pressors	≤1 and low dose*	75
Arterial blood gas pH	7.3–7.45	70
PAO ₂ :FIO ₂	>300 on PEEP = 5 cm H ₂ O	43
Serum sodium	135–160 mEq/L	89
Blood glucose	<150 mg/dL	43
Hemoglobin	>10 mg/dL	59
Urine output	1–3 mL/kg/h for preceding 4 h	73

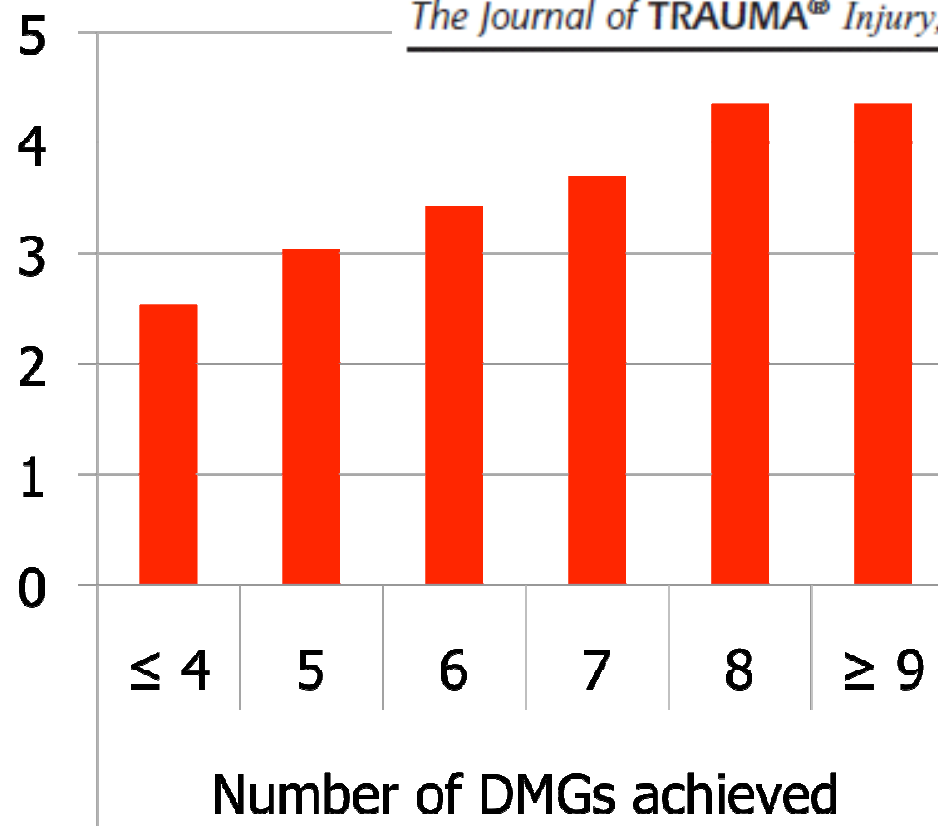
SD, standard deviation



Achieving Donor Management Goals Before Deceased Donor Procurement Is Associated With More Organs Transplanted Per Donor

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Achieving Donor Management Goals Before Deceased Donor Procurement Is Associated With More Organs Transplanted Per Donor

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TABLE 2. Impact of DMGs on Organ Yield

	DMGs Met	DMGs Not Met	<i>p</i>
% SCDs with ≥ 4 OTPD	70.1%	38.7%	$<0.001^*$
Mean OTPD \pm SD	4.35 ± 1.61	3.32 ± 1.56	$<0.001^\dagger$
Transplanted			
Right lung	37.1%	14.3%	$<0.001^*$
Left lung	36.1%	14.3%	$<0.001^*$
Heart	56.7%	30.5%	$<0.001^*$
Liver	93.8%	81.6%	0.005*
Pancreas	40.2%	24.7%	0.005*
Right kidney	95.9%	87.4%	0.021*
Left kidney	94.8%	88.8%	0.088*
Intestine	2.1%	1.3%	0.641 ‡



Achieving Donor Management Goals Before Deceased Donor Procurement Is Associated With More Organs Transplanted Per Donor

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DMG/Variable	OR	95% CI	p value
Continuous Variables			
Age (years)	0.944	0.923 – 0.966	< 0.001
Creatinine (mg/dL)	0.636	0.409 – 0.987	0.044
Categorical Variables			
Thyroid Hormone use	1.969	1.082 – 3.582	0.026
CVP 4 – 10 mmHg	1.897	1.021 – 3.527	0.043
EF > 50%	3.988	2.095 – 7.592	< 0.001
P:F > 300 on PEEP 5	4.591	2.478 – 8.506	< 0.001
Na 135 – 160 mEq/L	3.352	1.141 – 9.851	0.028
“Goals met”	4.394	2.497 – 7.732	< 0.001

UNOS Region 5 DMGs

- Step 2
 - Prospective
 - Three time points
 - At authorization for donation
 - 12-18 hours later – organ offers are made
 - Prior to organ recovery
 - Modified DMGs
 - June 2008 – January 2009

UNOS Region 5 DMGs

- Prospective Data
 - 380 SCDs
- The Impact of Meeting Donor Management Goals on the Number of Organs Transplanted per Donor
 - Primary outcome measure: ≥ 4 OTPD



The impact of meeting donor management goals on the number of organs transplanted per donor: Results from the United Network for Organ Sharing Region 5 prospective donor management goals study

Darren J. Malinoski, MD, FACS; Madhukar S. Patel, MD, MBA, ScM; Michael C. Daly, MSc; Chrystal Oley-Graybill; Ali Salim, MD, FACS; on behalf of the UNOS Region 5 DMG workgroup

Variable	OR	95% CI for OR	p value ^a
Analysis using DMGs “met”			
Donor age	0.948	0.932-0.963	<0.001
DMGs “met” at time of consent	2.034	1.066-3.881	0.031
DMGs “met” 12-18 hours later	1.481	0.888-2.470	0.132
DMGs “met” prior to organ recovery	2.344	1.430-3.843	0.001
Creatinine prior to organ recovery	0.746	0.606-0.918	0.006
Analysis using change in DMG’s			
Donor age	0.951	0.936-0.966	<0.001
Change in DMG’s from consent to 12-18 hours later	1.130	1.001-1.277	0.048
Creatinine prior to organ recovery	0.727	0.595-0.889	0.002

BACKGROUND

- Organs transplanted per donor is not an ideal outcome measure
- Graft function / survival are better endpoints

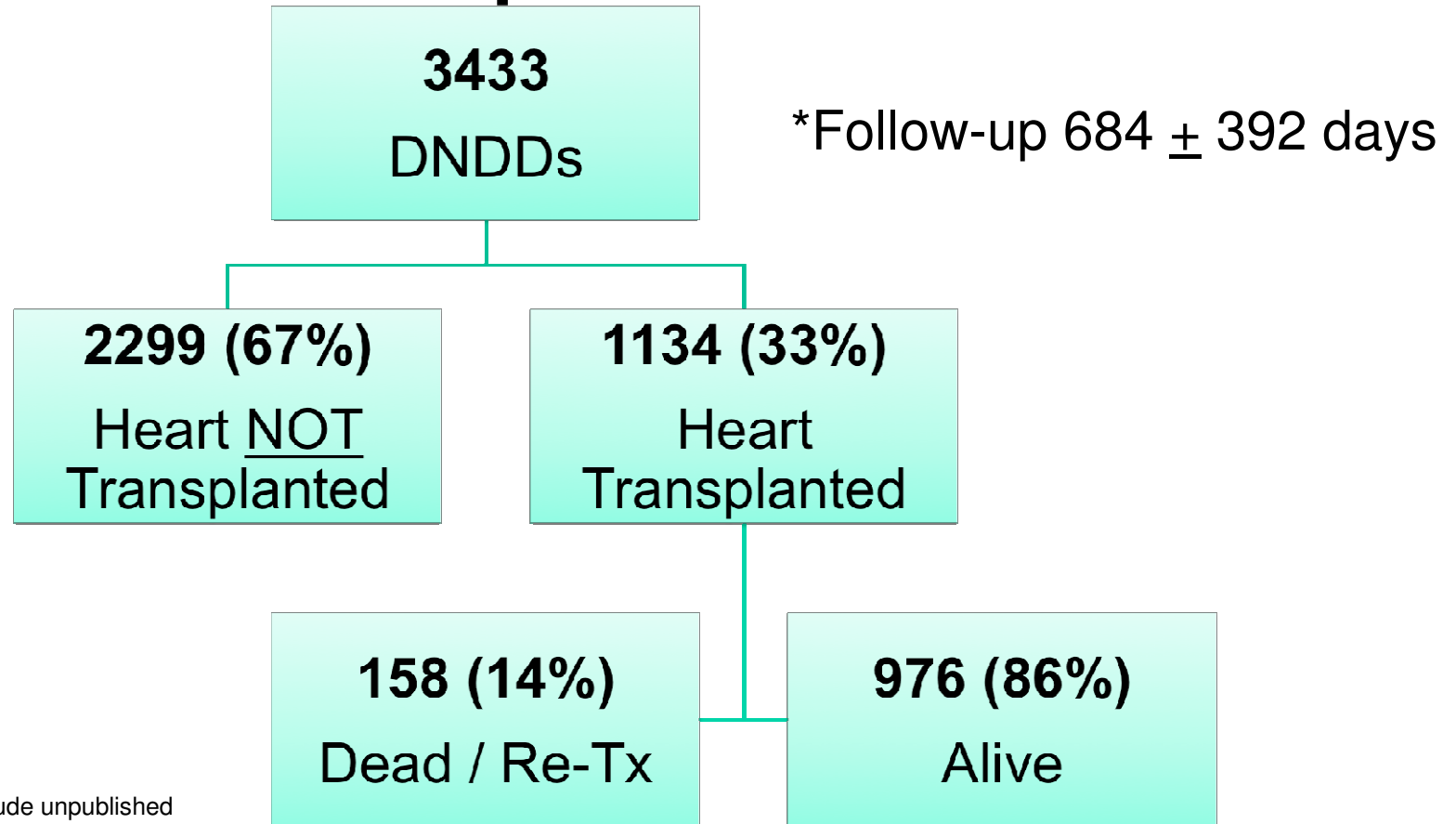
UNOS DMG Web Portal

Launched in March 2012 – supported by Tii

- Forced field entry
- Linked to UNet
- Recipient data added
- Fields for study data
- Funded by OPOs
- SRTR SAF merger

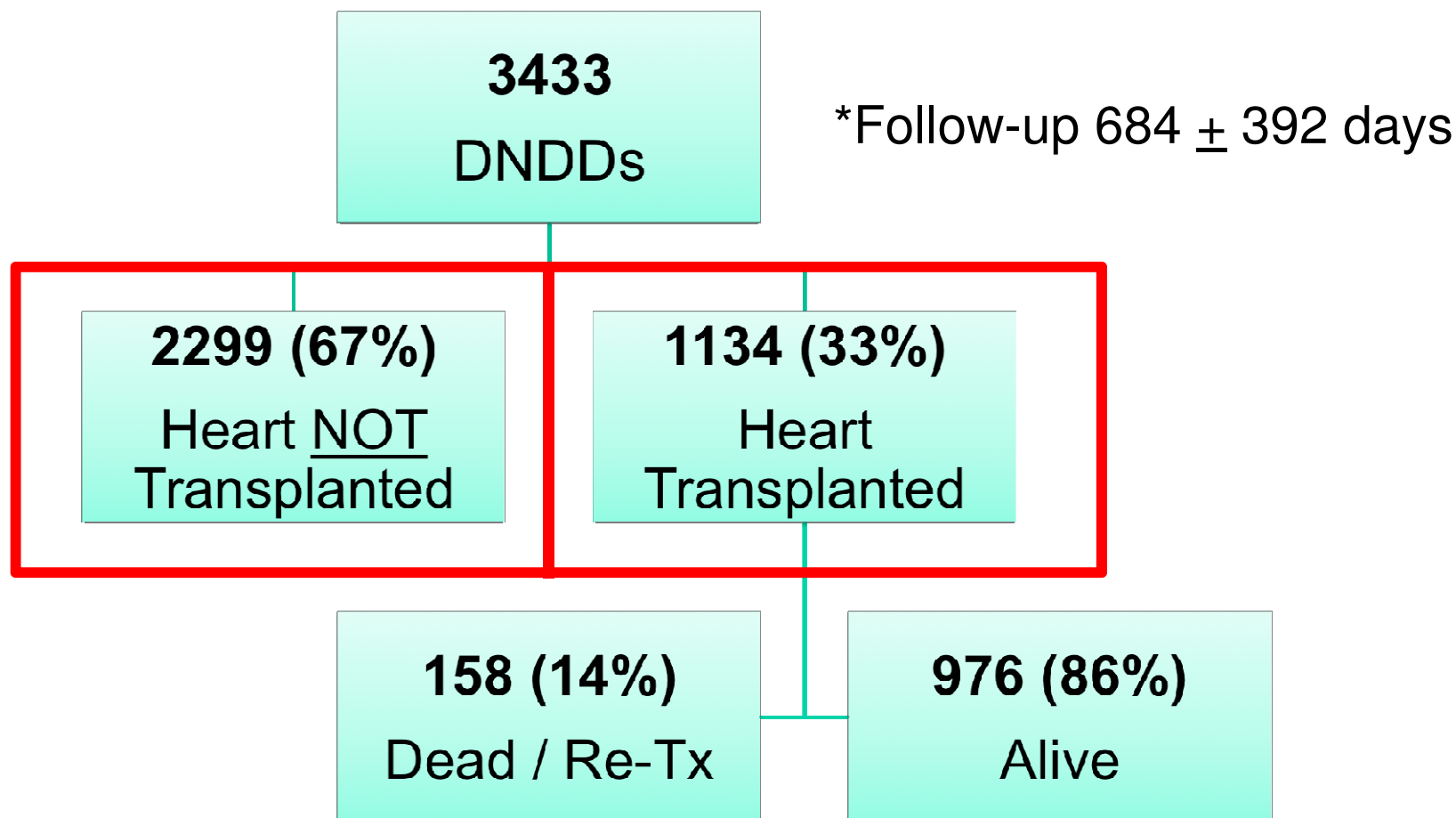
The screenshot displays the UNOS DMG Web Portal interface. On the left is a sidebar menu for 'Region 5 Donor Management Goal Outcome Measure'. The user is logged in as 'John Doe, Administrator', with links for 'view profile' and 'logout'. The sidebar includes sections for 'Dashboard', 'Worksheet' (with a sub-menu: Demographics, Additional Considerations, Reference Points, Other Variables, DMG Benchmarks, Measurements, Thryoid/Vasopressin/Organs), 'Reports' (DMG Data, DMG Master), and 'Administration'. A 'Reminder' box at the bottom of the sidebar states: 'You have 3 unfinished sections for this patient.' The main content area is titled 'Demographics' and contains the following fields: 'Donor Date' (calendar icon), 'Age' (green border, 'Valid text'), 'Weight' (red border, 'Invalid text'), 'BMI' (white border), 'Donor Type' (dropdown), 'UNOS ID' (white border), 'Gender' (green border, 'Valid text'), 'Height' (white border), and 'Blood Type' (dropdown). 'Update' and 'Submit' buttons are at the bottom. A 'Back to top' link is also present.

Impact of Donor Demographics and Critical Care Endpoints on Cardiac Transplantation and Recipient Survival



The remaining slides include unpublished data from our research group

Impact of Donor Demographics and Critical Care Endpoints on Cardiac Transplantation and Recipient Survival



Univariate Analysis: Predictors of Heart Transplantation

Variables	Authorization: Percent of Hearts Transplanted			12-18 hours after Auth: Percent of Hearts Transplanted			Prior to Organ Recovery: Percent of Hearts Transplanted		
	Not Met	Met	<i>p</i>	Not Met	Met	<i>p</i>	Not Met	Met	<i>p</i>
Gender (Male)									
Donor Type (Standard Criteria Donor)									
BMI (<30 kg/m ²) ^a									
Donor Management Goals Bundle Met									
Mean Arterial Pressure (60-110 mmHg)									
Central Venous Pressure (4-12 mmHg)									
Ejection Fraction (≥50%)									
Arterial Blood Gas pH (7.30-7.50)									
PaO ₂ /FiO ₂ (≥300)									
Serum Sodium (≤155mEq/L)									
Blood Glucose (≤180mEq/L)									
Urine Output (≥0.5ml/kg/h)									
Vasopressors (≤1 and low dose) ^b									
Dopamine used (>0 mcg/kg/min) ^c									
Neosynephrine used (>0mcg/min) ^d									
Norepinephrine used (>0 mcg/kg/min) ^e									
Epinephrine used (>0mcg/min) ^f									
Thyroid Hormone used (>0 mcg/hr) ^g									
Vasopressin used (>0 units/hr) ^h									

Univariate Analysis: Predictors of Heart Transplantation

Variables	Authorization: Percent of Hearts Transplanted			12-18 hours after Auth: Percent of Hearts Transplanted			Prior to Organ Recovery: Percent of Hearts Transplanted		
	Not Met	Met	<i>p</i>	Not Met	Met	<i>p</i>	Not Met	Met	<i>p</i>
Gender (Male)	24%	39%	<0.001	-	-	-	-	-	-
Donor Type (Standard Criteria Donor)	4%	42%	<0.001	-	-	-	-	-	-
BMI (<30 kg/m ²) ^a	25%	37%	<0.001						
Donor Management Goals Bundle Met	32%	36%	0.045	28%	39%	<0.001	28%	37%	<0.001
Mean Arterial Pressure (60-110 mmHg)	34%	33%	0.774	33%	33%	0.914	30%	33%	0.173
Central Venous Pressure (4-12 mmHg)	32%	35%	0.084	32%	34%	0.134	30%	35%	0.008
Ejection Fraction (≥50%)	33%	34%	0.828	29%	40%	<0.001	24%	41%	<0.001
Arterial Blood Gas pH (7.30-7.50)	33%	33%	0.500	27%	34%	0.005	29%	34%	0.111
PaO ₂ /FiO ₂ (≥300)	31%	36%	0.004	30%	37%	<0.001	29%	37%	<0.001
Serum Sodium (≤155mEq/L)	32%	33%	0.533	30%	34%	0.031	33%	33%	0.901
Blood Glucose (≤180mEq/L)	33%	33%	0.740	31%	34%	0.116	31%	34%	0.120
Urine Output (≥0.5ml/kg/h)	29%	34%	0.035	28%	34%	0.009	30%	34%	0.114
Vasopressors (≤1 and low dose) ^b	32%	34%	0.295	31%	35%	0.020	30%	35%	0.004
Dopamine used (>0 mcg/kg/min) ^c	33%	34%	0.544	34%	30%	0.039	32%	36%	0.083
Neosynephrine used (>0mcg/min) ^d	33%	34%	0.470	34%	30%	0.096	34%	24%	<0.001
Norepinephrine used (>0 mcg/kg/min) ^e	33%	33%	0.733	34%	27%	0.008	34%	20%	<0.001
Epinephrine used (>0mcg/min) ^f	33%	21%	0.022	33%	22%	0.129	33%	26%	0.477
Thyroid Hormone used (>0 mcg/hr) ^g	33%	35%	0.356	34%	32%	0.475	35%	30%	0.005
Vasopressin used (>0 units/hr) ^h	33%	32%	0.534	32%	35%	0.143	33%	34%	0.656

Univariate Analysis: Predictors of Heart Transplantation

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PaO ₂ /FiO ₂ (≥300)	31%	36%	0.004	30%	37%	<0.001	29%	37%	<0.001
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Vasopressin used (>0 units/hr) ^h	33%	32%	0.534	32%	35%	0.143	33%	34%	0.656

Multivariate Analysis: Predictors of Heart Transplantation

Table 3A (B). Multivariate Analysis: Independent Predictors of Heart Utilization with $p < 0.05$ in Univariate Analysis (N=2552/3433)

Variables	Odds Ratio	95% CI of OR	p-value
Donor Type -SCD(Cat)	4.100	2.594-6.480	<0.001
Age (Cont)	0.938	0.930-0.946	<0.001
BMI <30 (Cat)	0.796	0.640-0.989	0.039
Gender - Male (Cat)	1.664	1.350-2.050	<0.001
Donor Management Goals Bundle			
Authorization (Cat)	0.953	0.753-1.207	0.692
12-18 Hours After Authorization (Cat)	1.450	1.158-1.817	0.001
Prior to Organ Recovery (Cat)	1.239	0.978-1.570	0.075
Creatinine at 12-18 Hrs (Cont)	0.830	0.770-0.894	<0.001
Epinephrine at Auth (Cat)	0.505	0.265-0.964	0.038
Dopamine at 12-18 Hrs (Cat)	1.057	0.844-1.324	0.627
Norepinephrine at 12-18 Hrs (Cat)	0.839	0.611-1.151	0.276
Neosynephrine Prior to OR (Cat)	0.781	0.589-1.035	0.085
Thyroid Hormone Prior to OR (Cont)	0.985	0.974-0.996	0.006
Hosmer=0.316, CI=0.819			

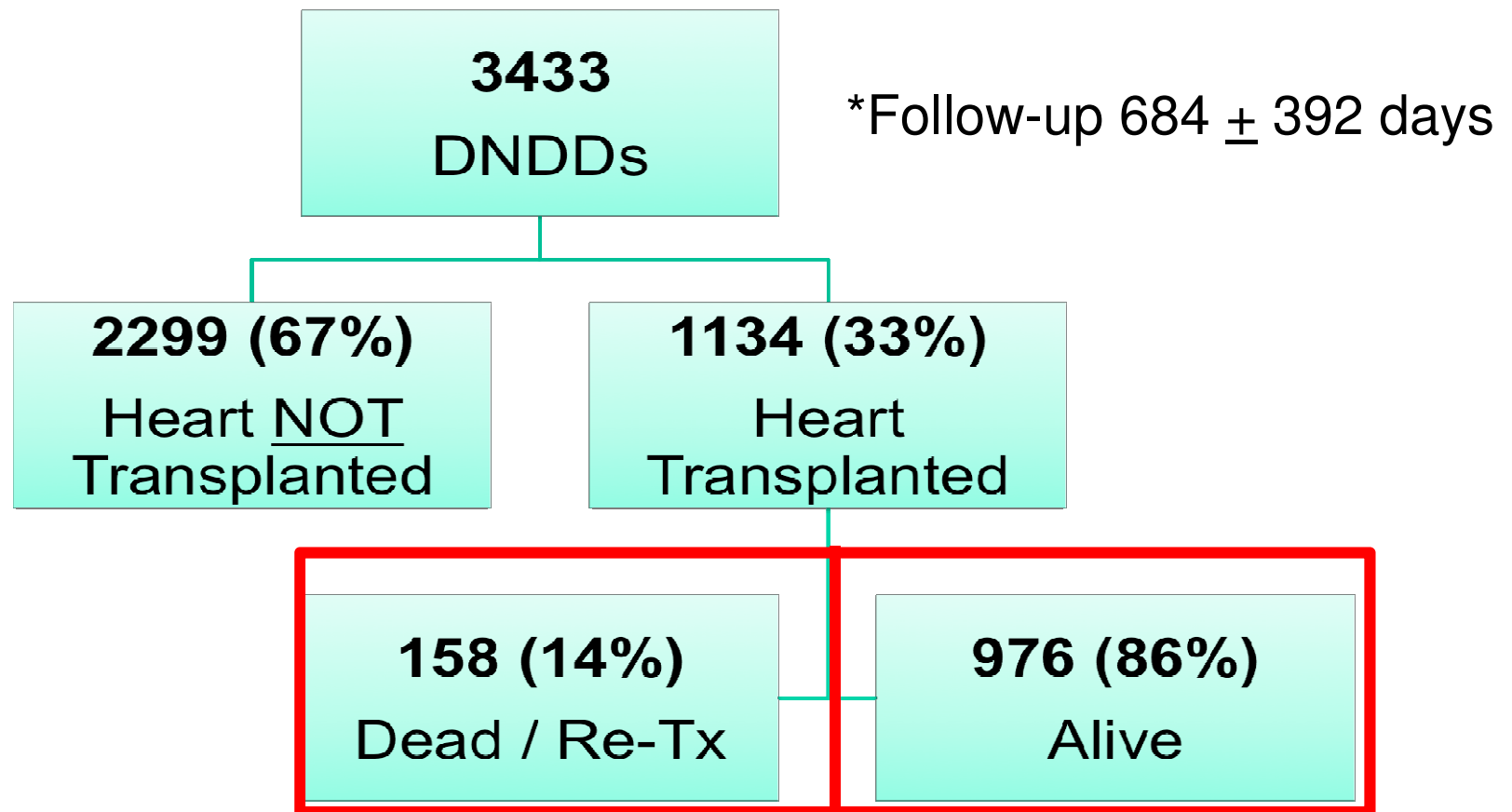
Multivariate Analysis: Predictors of Heart Transplantation

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Hosmer=0.316, CI=0.819			

Multivariate Analysis: Predictors of Heart Transplantation

12-18 Hours after Authorization:			
Ejection Fraction met (Cat)	1.655	1.351-2.028	<0.001
Arterial Blood Gas met (Cat)	1.161	0.825-1.633	0.392
PiO ₂ :FiO ₂ Ratio met (Cat)	1.034	1.068-1.593	0.009
Sodium met (Cat)	1.102	0.860-1.413	0.442
Urine Output met (Cat)	1.103	0.801-1.519	0.548
Vasopressors ≤1 and low dose (Cat)	1.069	0.786-1.454	0.672
Prior to Organ Recovery			
Central Venous Pressure met (Cat)	1.055	0.854-1.303	0.618

Impact of Donor Demographics and Critical Care Endpoints on Cardiac Transplantation and Recipient Survival



SRTR Data Added:

Elements of risk-adjusted 1-year Recipient Survival Model

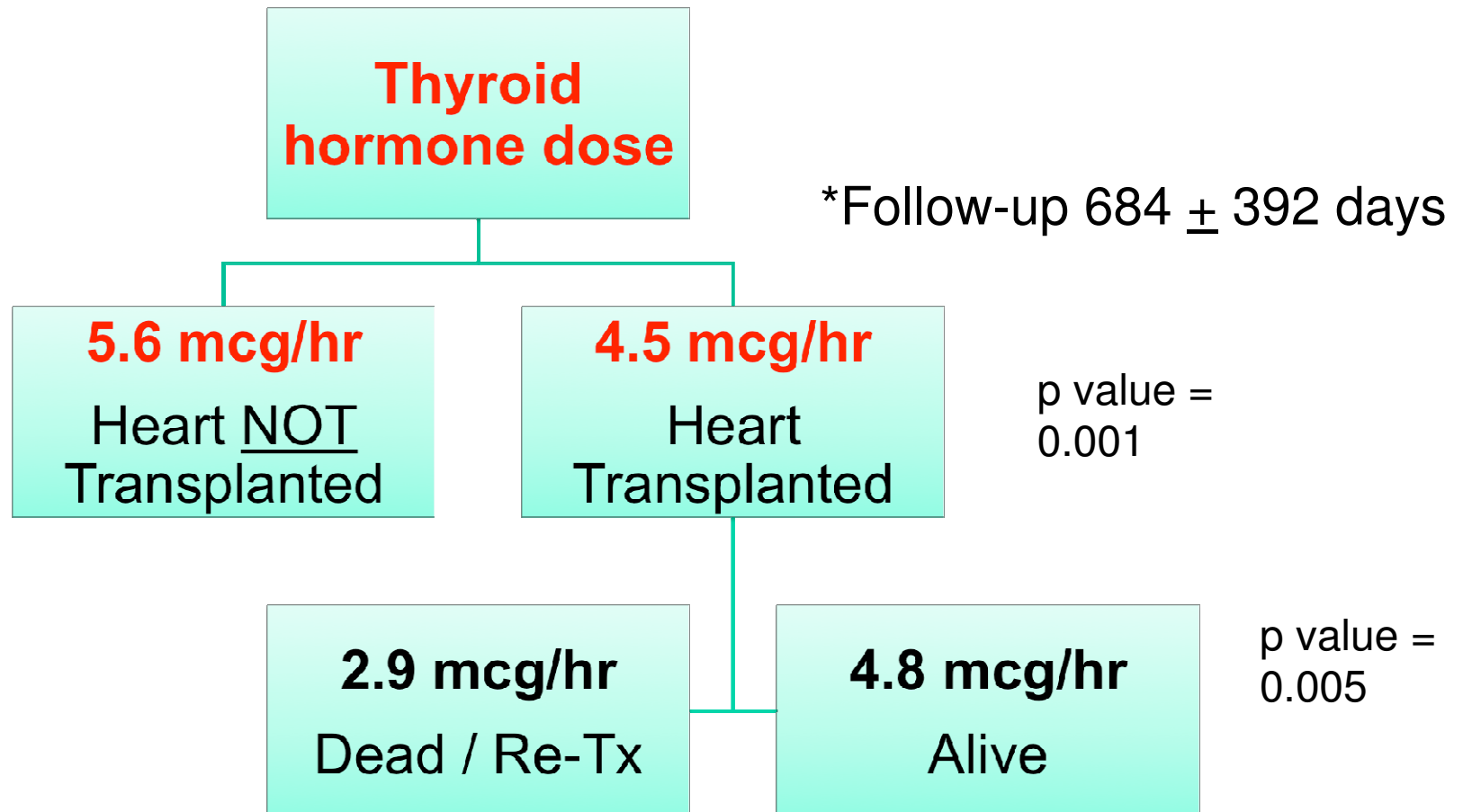
Bilirubin at Transplant
Dialysis at Transplant
Donor Age years (Cont)
Donor Cause of Death (CVA/Stroke vs Others)
Drug-Treated HTN at Listing
Ischemic Time (Cont)
Medical Condition (Cat)
Not Hospitalized
In ICU
Hospitalized Not in ICU
Pulmonary Artery Systolic Pressure mmHg (Cont)
Previous Heart Transplant (Cat)
Recipient Age at Transplant (Cat)
65+
<50
50-64
Recipient Diagnosis (Cat)
Coronary Artery Disease
Cardiomyopathy
Congenital Heart Disease
Other/Missing
Recipient Height cm (Cont)
Recipient Race/Ethnicity
White
Black
Hispanic/Latino
Asian
Multi-Racial/others/missing
Recipient Serum Creatinine (>1.5) (Cat)
Recipient on Life Support: ECMO (Cat)
Recipient on Life Support: VAD (Cat)
Recipient on Life Support: Ventilator (Cat)
Sudden Death at Listing (Cat)

Multivariate Analysis: Predictors of Heart Recipient Survival*

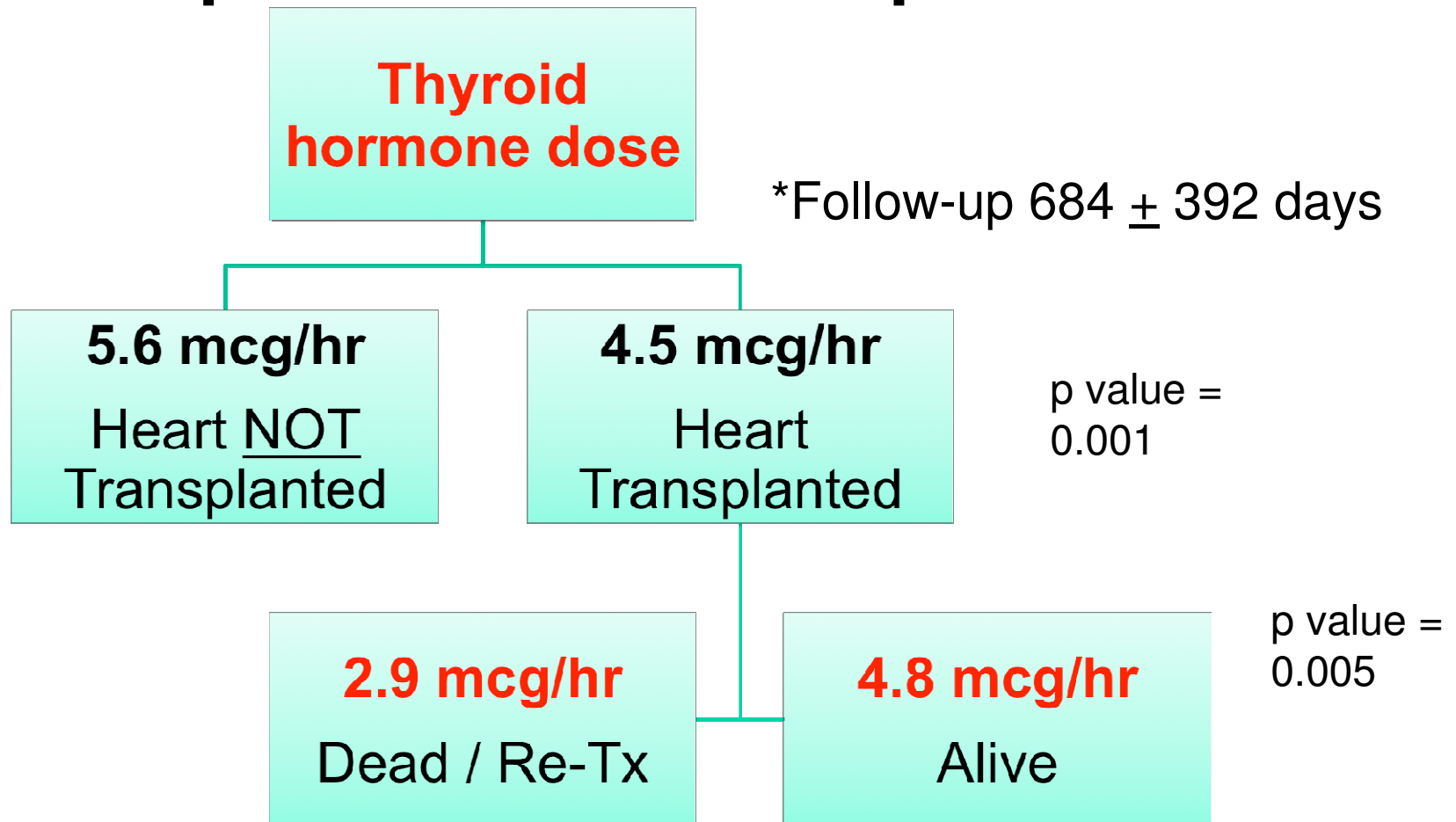
Table 11C. Multivariate Analysis: Independent Predictors of Heart Graft Survival with variables with $p < 0.05$ from univariate analysis and from adjusted risk ratio model (N=914/1134)

Variables	Odds Ratio	95% CI for OR	p-value
Age	0.985	0.967-1.004	0.132
Authorization			
Mean Arterial Pressure (Cont)	0.993	0.981-1.006	0.300
12-18 Hours after Authorization:			
Glucose (Cat)	1.197	0.789-1.814	0.398
Vasopressors ≤ 1 and low dose (Cat)	1.481	0.977-2.246	0.064
Thyroid Hormone use at 12-18 hours after Auth (Cont)	1.039	1.009-1.071	0.011
Norepinephrine use Prior to Organ Recovery (Cat)	3.729	0.487-28.546	0.205

Impact of Donor Demographics and Critical Care Endpoints on Cardiac Transplantation and Recipient Survival



Impact of Donor Demographics and Critical Care Endpoints on Cardiac Transplantation and Recipient Survival



Summary

- Predictors of Heart Utilization:
 - Positive: meeting the DMG Bundle, $EF \geq 50\%$, and $PaO_2:FiO_2 \geq 300$
 - Negative: serum creatinine, Epinephrine use, and thyroid hormone dose
- Predictors of heart survival
 - Positive: thyroid hormone dose

Summary

- Predictors of Heart Utilization:
 - Positive: meeting the DMG Bundle, $EF \geq 50\%$, and $PaO_2:FiO_2 \geq 300$
 - **Negative**: serum creatinine, Epinephrine use, and **thyroid hormone dose**
- Predictors of heart survival
 - **Positive**: **thyroid hormone dose** → RCT needed

Thank You

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